

Why Computer Science? Why UW CSE?

Ed Lazowska

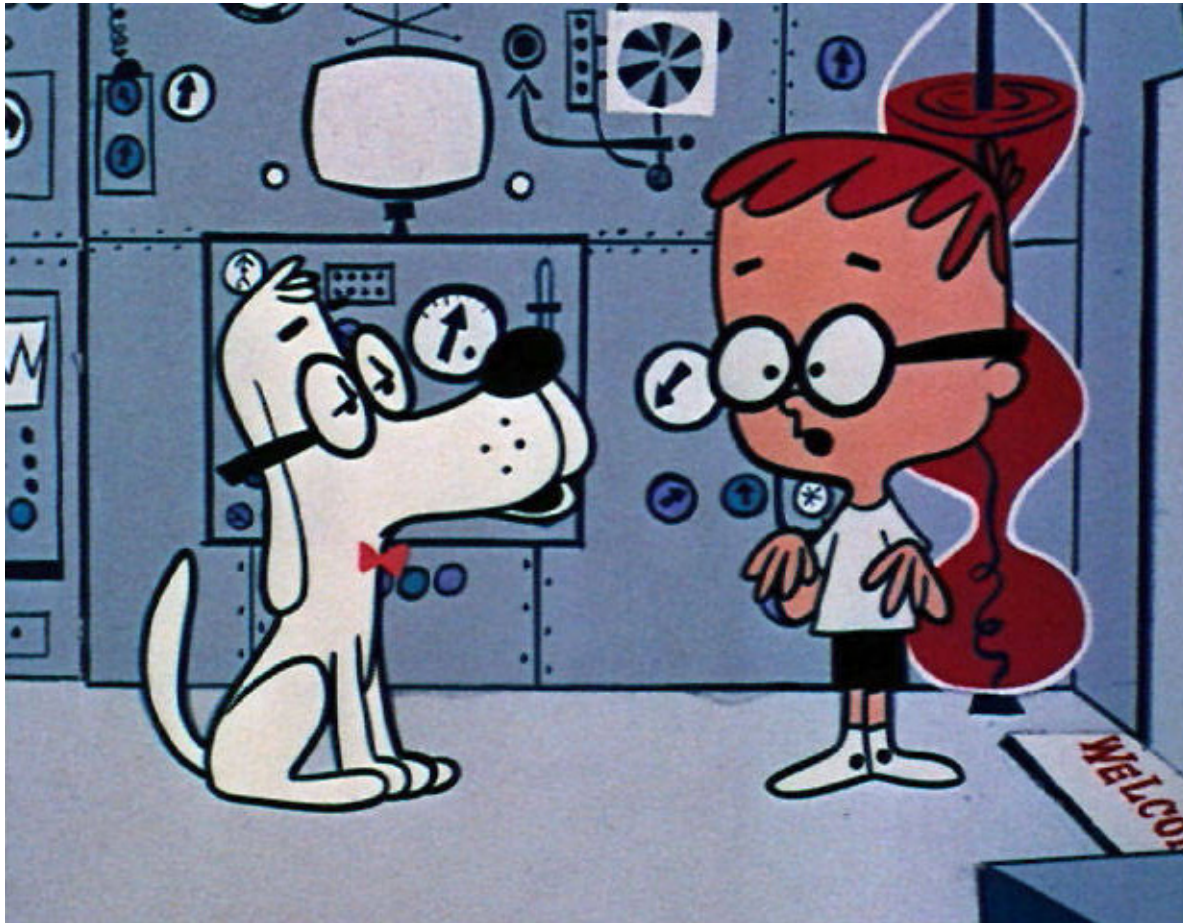
**Bill & Melinda Gates Chair in
Computer Science & Engineering
University of Washington**

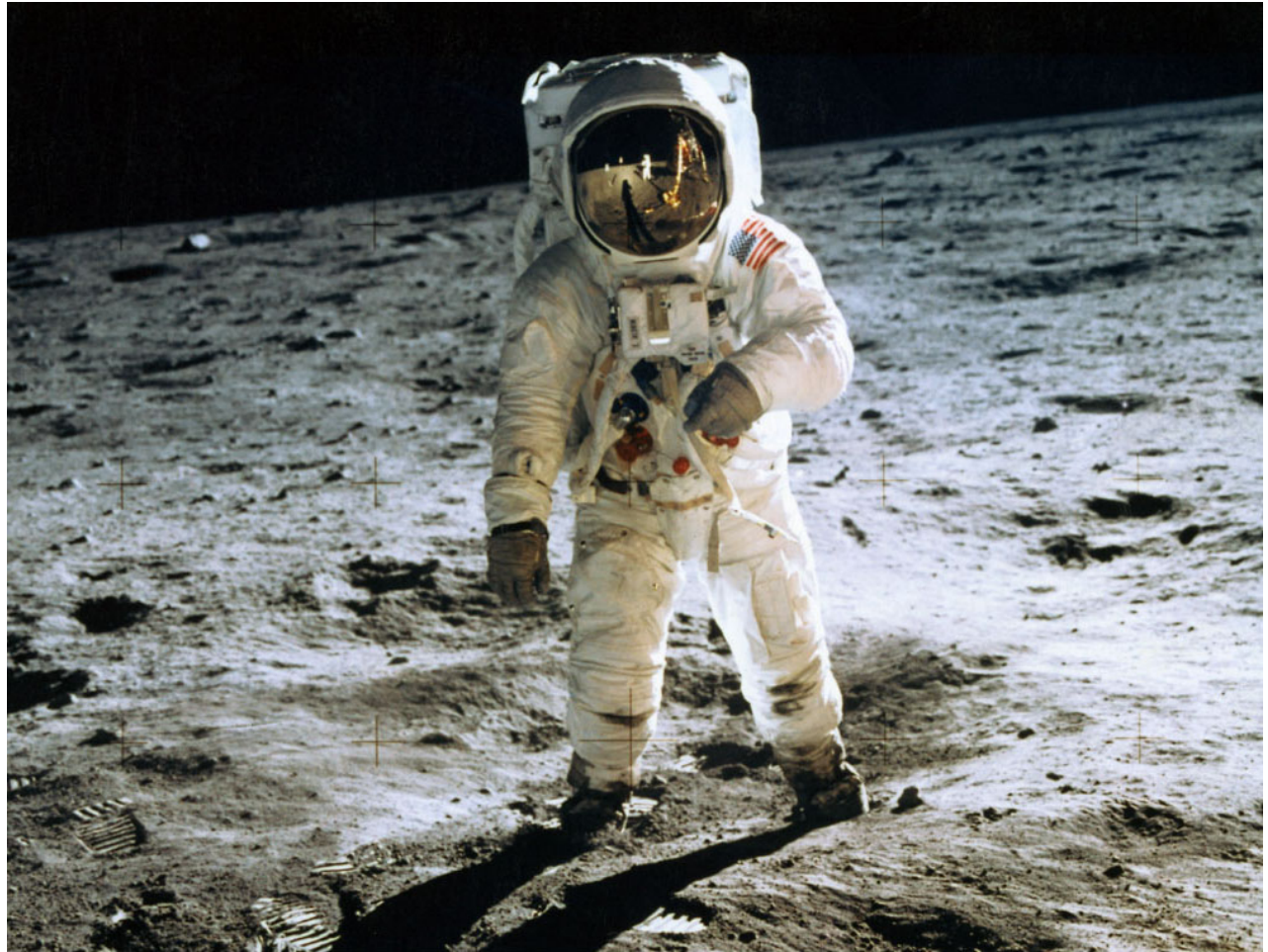
Holy Names Academy

August 2014



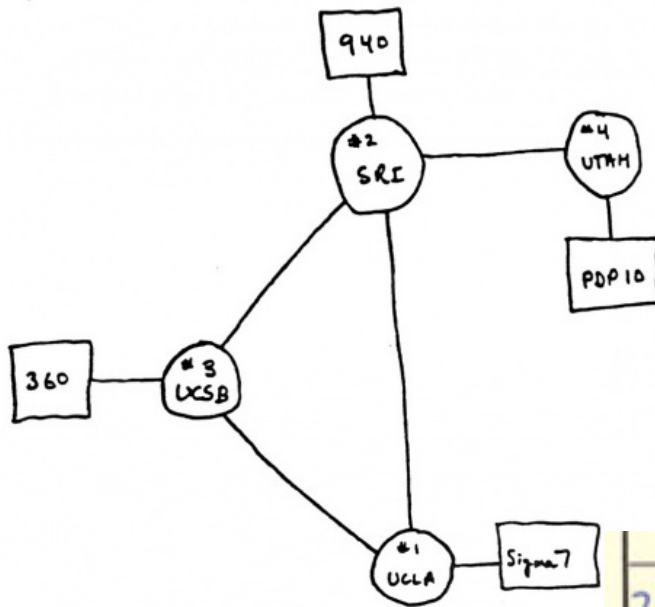
Forty five years ago ...











THE ARPA NETWORK
DEC 1969
4 NODES

29 OCT 69	2100	LOADED OP. PROGRAM	CSK
		FOR BEN BARKER	
		BBV	
		<hr/>	
	22:30	Talked to SRI	CSK
		Host to Host	
		Left op. program	CSK
		running after sending	
		a host dead message	
		to imp.	



With 4+ decades of hindsight, which had
the greatest impact?

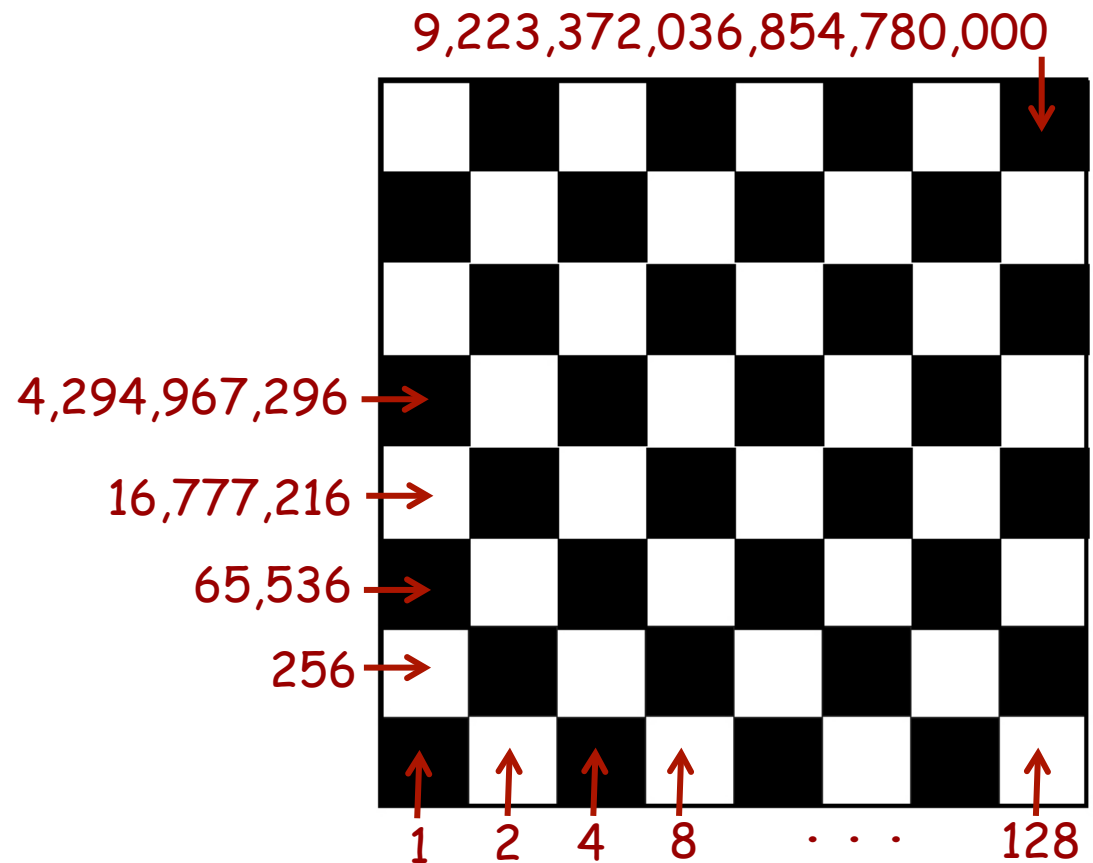
- Unless you're big into Tang and Velcro (or sex and drugs), the answer is clear ...



- And so is the reason ...

EXPONENTIALS  **US**

Exponentials are rare – we're not used to them, so they catch us unaware

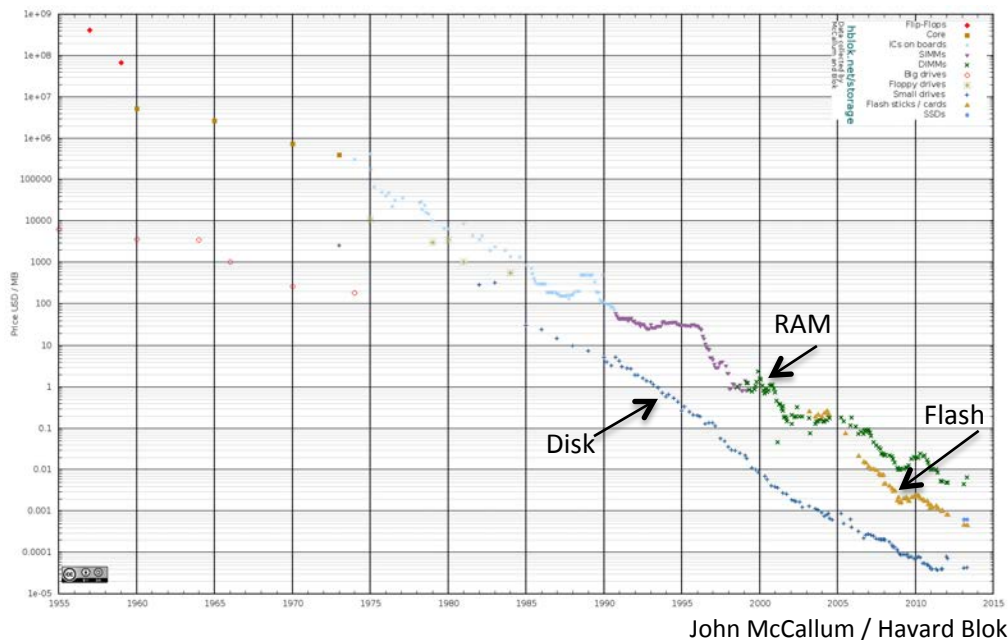


Every aspect of computing has experienced exponential improvement

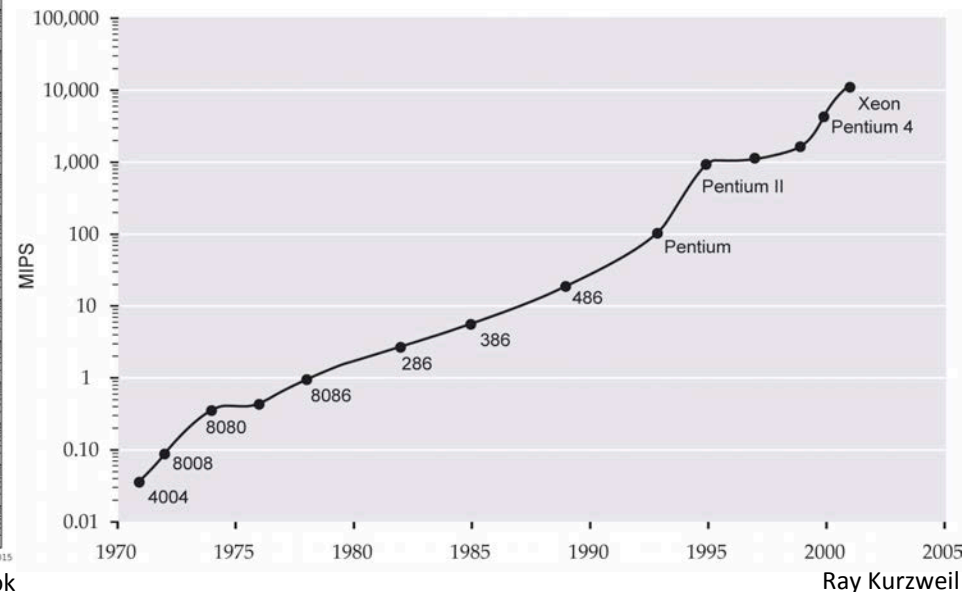
- Processing capacity
- Storage capacity
- Network bandwidth
- Sensors
- Astonishingly, even algorithms in some cases!

You can exploit these improvements in two ways

- Constant capability at exponentially decreasing cost
- Exponentially increasing capability at constant cost

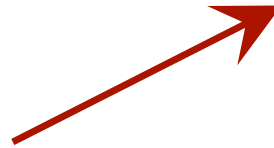


Storage Price / MB, USD
(semi-log plot)



Microprocessor Performance, MIPS
(semi-log plot)





The 1970s to today



1970 Ford Mustang



2014 Ford Mustang

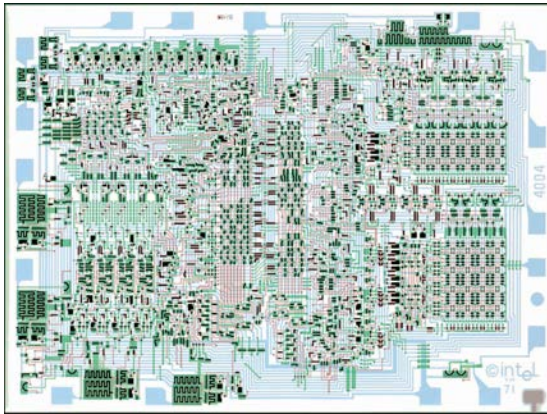
Size: roughly comparable

Speed: roughly comparable

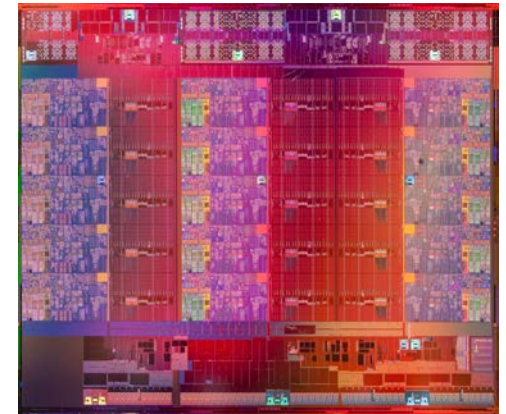
Efficiency (MPG): roughly comparable

Value (cost relative to performance): roughly comparable

The 1970s to today



1971 Intel 4004
(2,300 transistors)



2014 Intel Xeon
(4,300,000,000 transistors)

Size: area occupied by a transistor reduced by 1,000,000x

Speed: operations per second increased by 100,000x

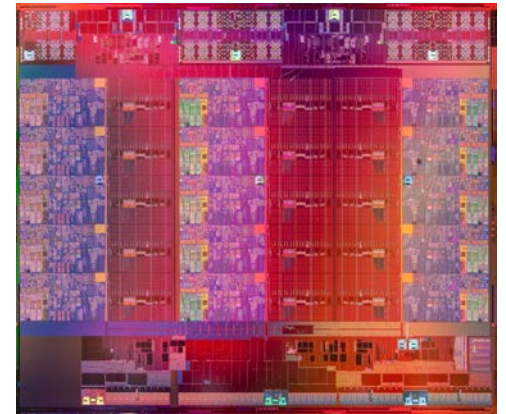
Efficiency (operations per watt): improved by 6,750x

Value (dollars per instruction): improved by 2,700x

The 1970s to today



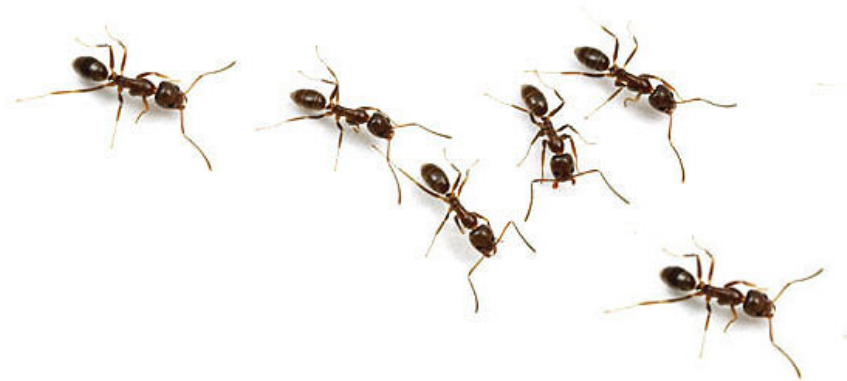
1970 Ford Mustang



2014 Intel Xeon

What if cars had improved as rapidly as microprocessors?

The 1970s to today



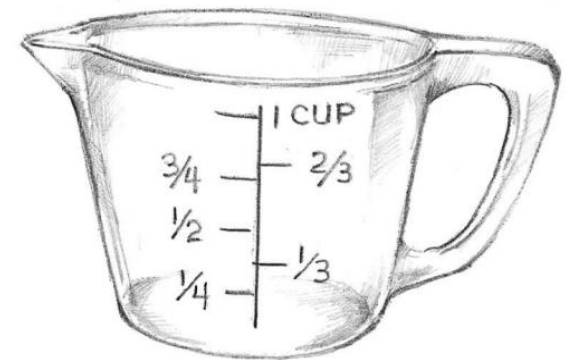
Size: A car would be smaller than an ant!
(About 1/5th of an inch long!)

The 1970s to today



Speed: A car would go 6,000,000 miles per hour!
(San Francisco to New York in 1.7 seconds!)

The 1970s to today



Efficiency: A car would get 100,000 miles per gallon!
(San Francisco to New York on 1/2 cup of fuel!)

The 1970s to today

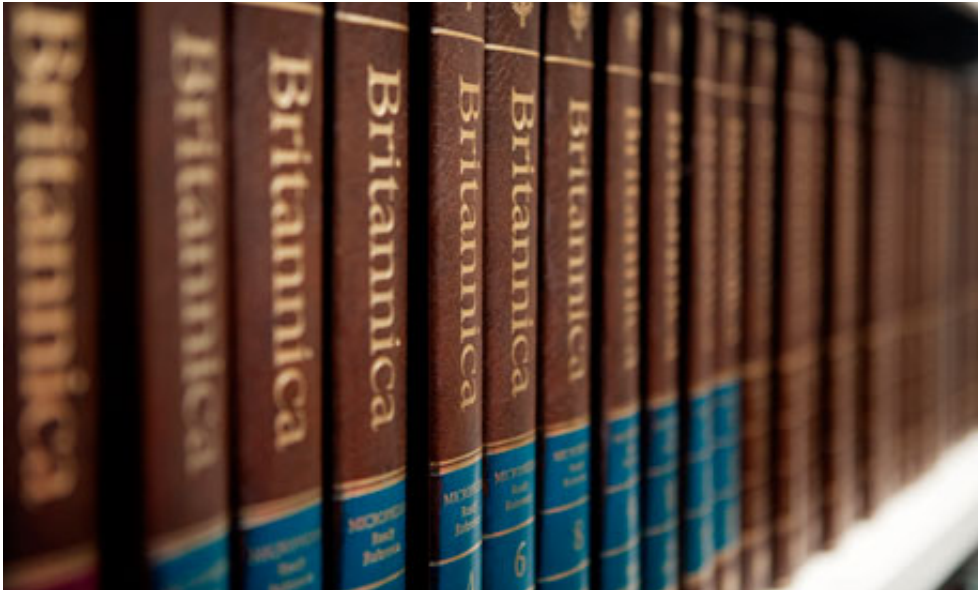


Cost: A car would cost less than \$10!

More then and now ...

- 20 years ago, microprocessors had 4 million transistors
 - Today they have 4 billion
- 20 years ago, the Internet had 1 million users
 - Today, it has 1 billion
- 20 years ago, only 15% of households had a computer
 - Today, nearly everyone owns a mobile phone
 - In the past year, more than half of all mobile phones purchased worldwide were smartphones – putting the Internet in the owner's pocket

Searching for information



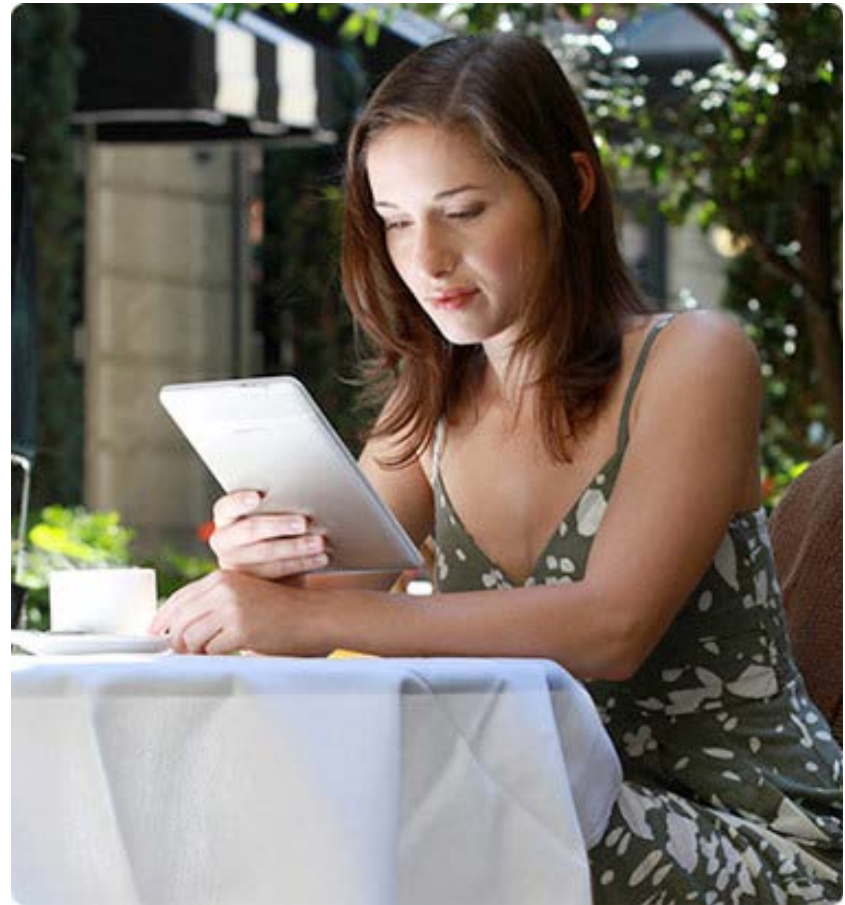
Searching for directions



Searching for love



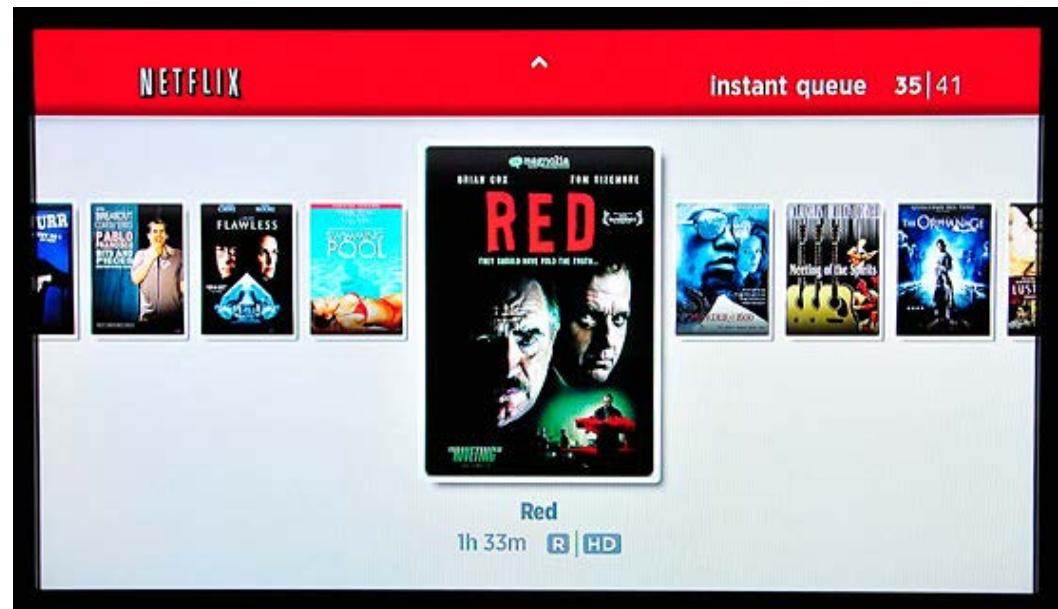
Reading books



Listening to music



Watching movies



During the decade of the 2000's ...



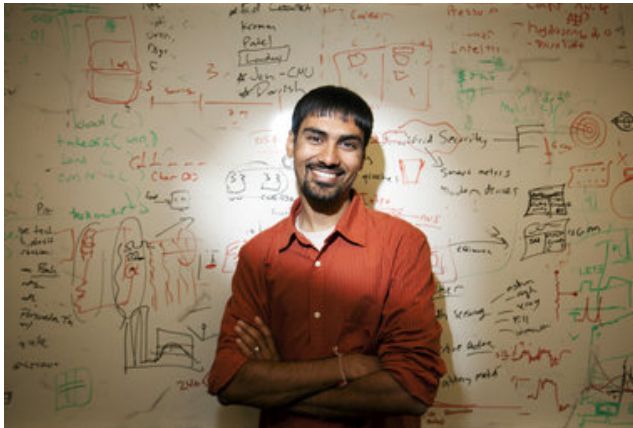
- Search
- Scalability
- Digital media
- Mobility
- eCommerce
- The Cloud
- Social networking and crowd-sourcing

During the current decade ...

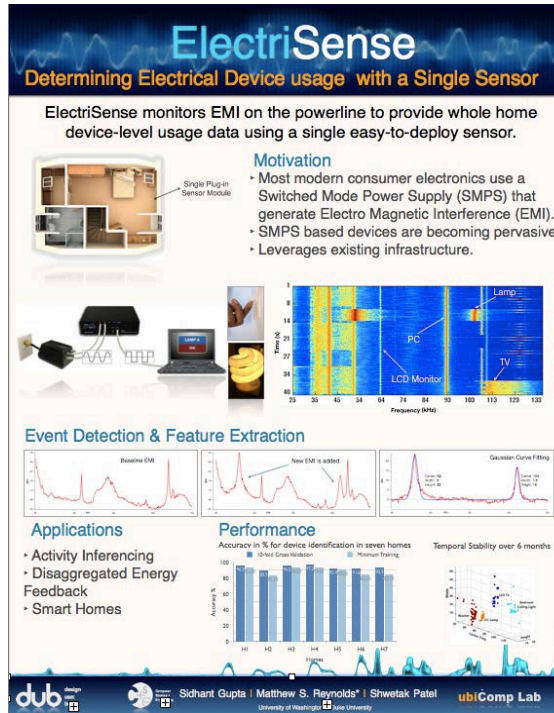


- Smart homes
- Smart cars
- Smart health
- Smart robots
- Smart crowds and human-computer systems
- Smart interaction (virtual and augmented reality)
- Smart cities
- Smart discovery (exploiting the data deluge)

Smart homes (the leaf nodes of the smart grid)



Shwetak Patel,
University of Washington
2011 MacArthur Fellow



Smart cars

DARPA Grand Challenge



DARPA Urban Challenge

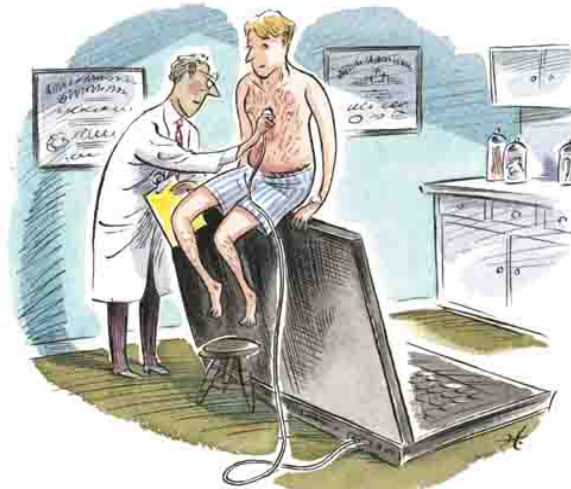


Google Self-Driving Car

Smart health



Larry Smarr – “quantified self”



Evidence-based medicine



P4 medicine

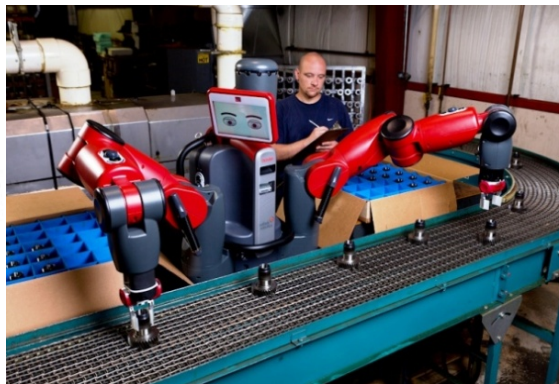
Smart robots



iRobot®



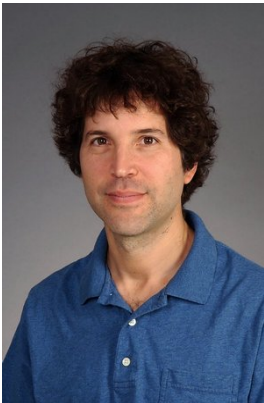
rethink
robotics



Smart crowds and human-computer systems (+ smart education)



Zoran Popovic,
UW Computer Science &
Engineering



David Baker,
UW Biochemistry

A screenshot of the Foldit website interface. The header is green with the 'foldit BETA' logo and a ribbon icon. Navigation links include BLOG, GROUPS, PLAYERS, PUZZLES, RECIPES, FORUM, WIKI, FEEDBACK, and ABOUT. The main content area features a large 3D protein structure with a text box that says 'Click to learn how you contribute to science by playing Foldit.' Below this is a 'What's New' section titled 'Small Update' with text about stability fixes and scoring improvements. On the right, there are sections for 'GET STARTED: DOWNLOAD' with links for Win Beta, Mac Beta, and Linux Beta, and a 'USER LOGIN' section with fields for Username and Password, a Log in button, and links for 'Create new account', 'Request new password', and 'Sign in using Facebook'.

Smart crowds and human-computer systems (+ smart education)



Zoran Popovic,
UW Computer Science &
Engineering



Algebra Challenge

- [Introduksjon](#)
- [Organisering](#)
- [Vanlige spm](#)
- [Blog](#)
- [Kontakt](#)
- [Statistikk](#)



7 700 000

Likninger løst

DET HENDTE:
13. - 17. Januar 2014

36 110 elever løste likninger sammen
1711 klasser deltok i utfordringen
93% oppnådde "mestring" innen 1½ time

En uforglemmelig matematikktime!

Fra 13. til 17. Januar 2014 ble en tilpasset versjon av [DragonBox](#) gjort gratis tilgjengelig for alle skoler i Norge. Les om [hvordan det gikk her](#).

[Ressurser til hjelp](#)

[Ekstra-materiale](#)



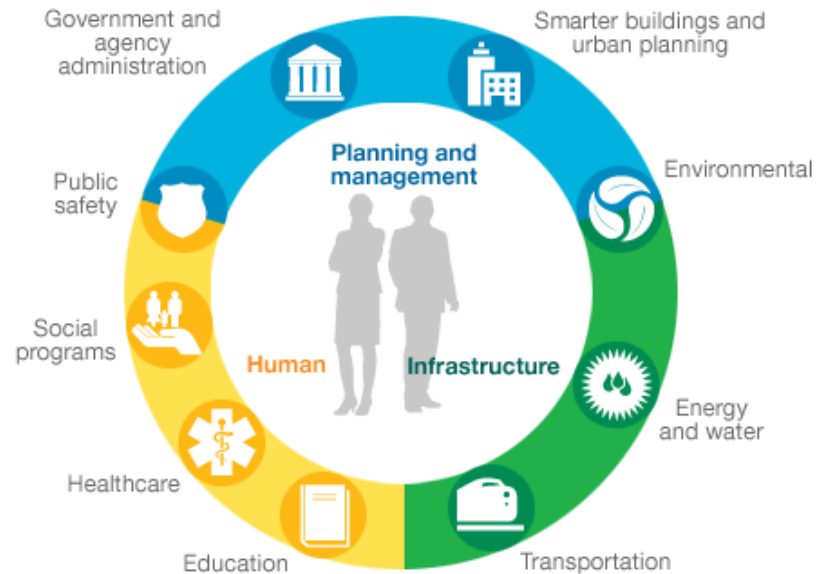
[Kontakt oss](#)

Smart interaction



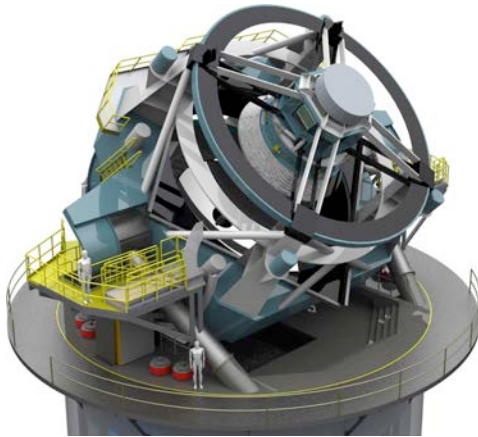
KINECT[™]
for  **XBOX 360**

Smart cities

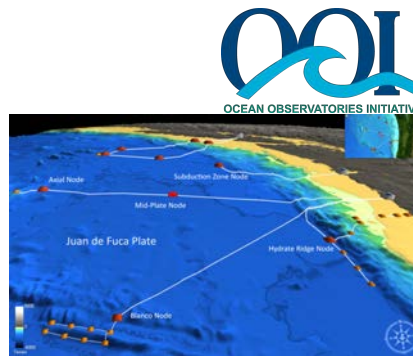


Smart discovery (data-intensive discovery, or *eScience*)

Nearly every field of discovery is transitioning from “data poor” to “data rich”



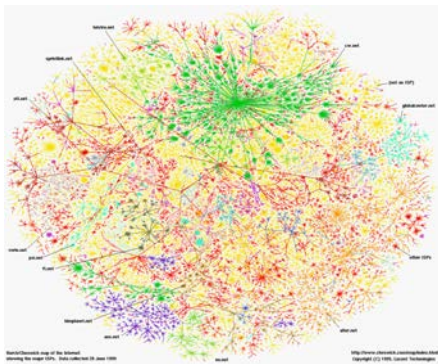
Astronomy: LSST



Oceanography: OOI



Physics: LHC



Sociology: The Web



Biology: Sequencing



Economics: POS terminals

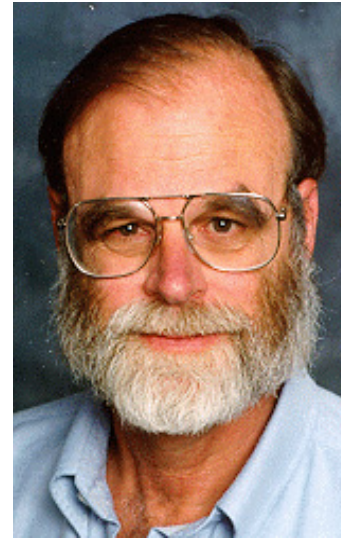
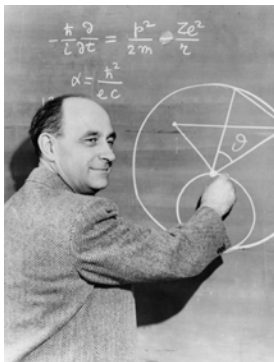


Neuroscience: EEG, fMRI

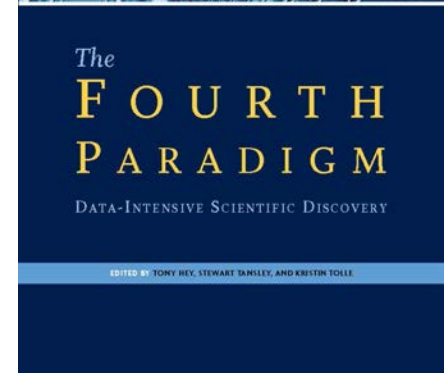
Smart discovery (data-intensive discovery, or *eScience*)

The Fourth Paradigm

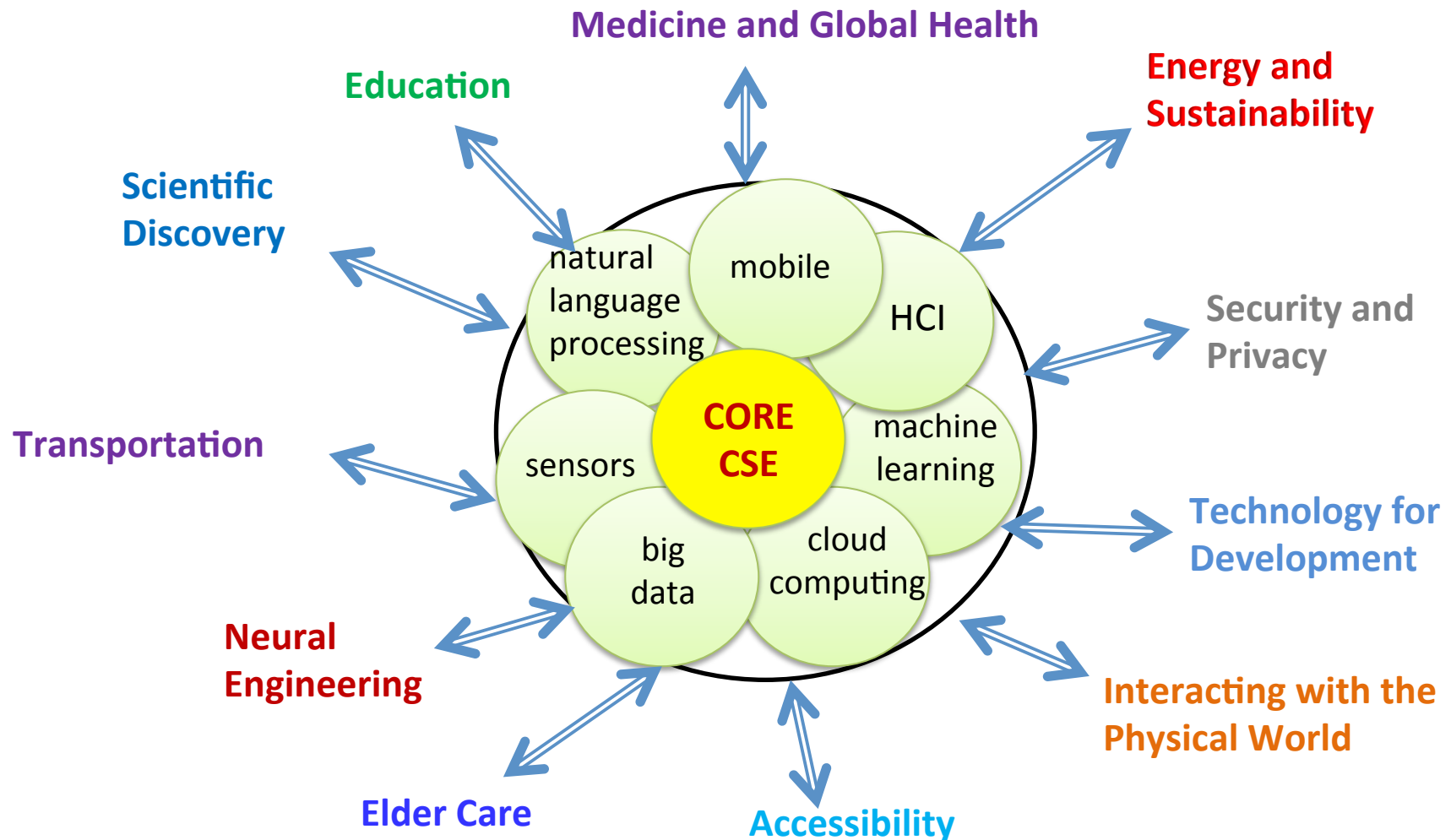
1. Empirical + experimental
2. Theoretical
3. Computational
4. Data-Intensive



Jim Gray,
Microsoft Research

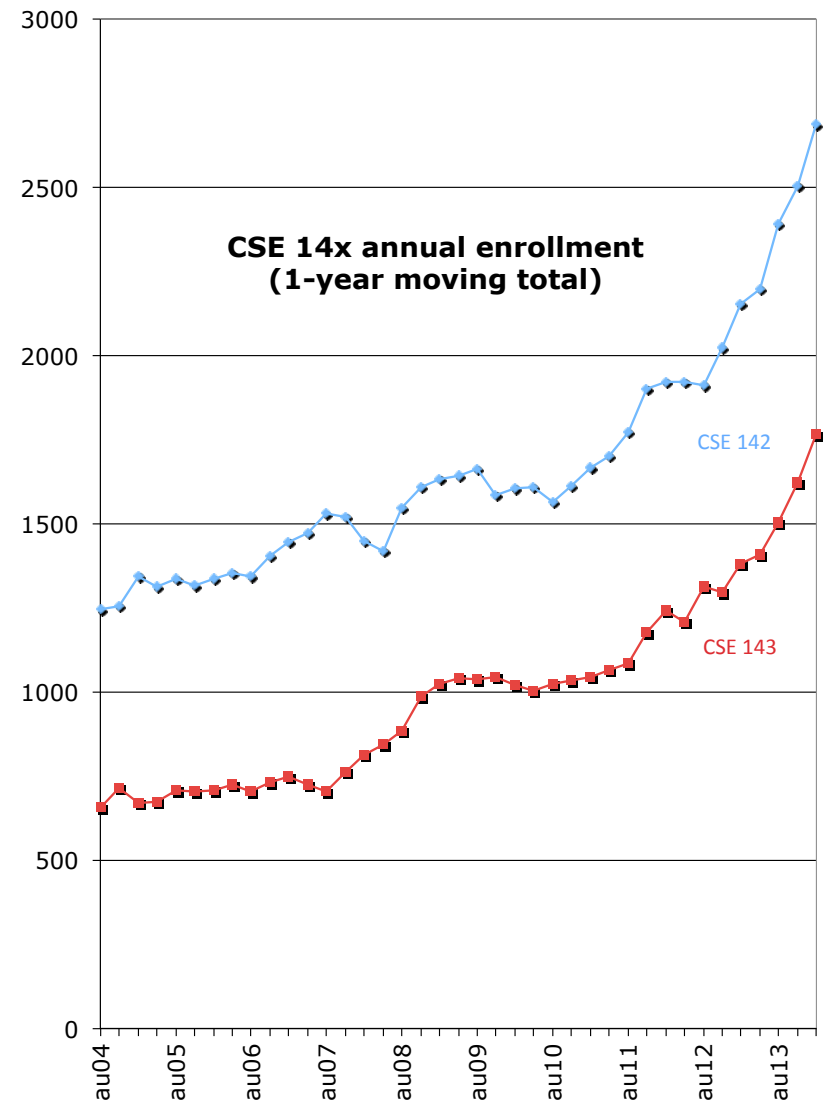
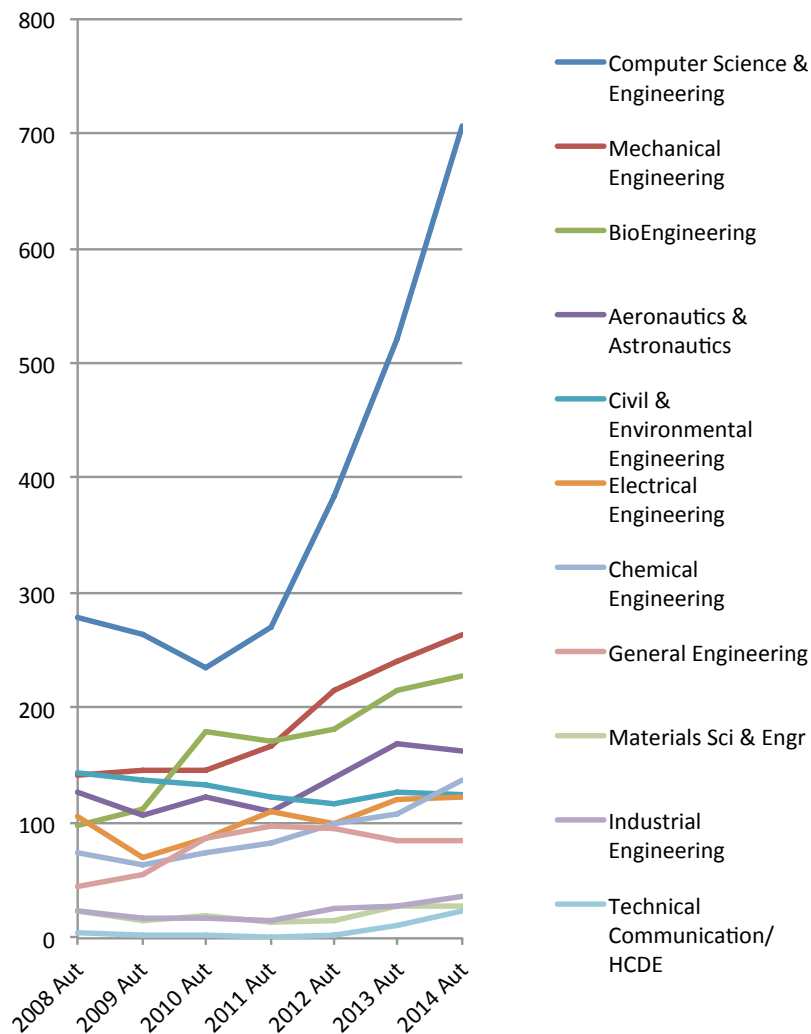



Computer science is unique in its societal impact



Student interest is booming

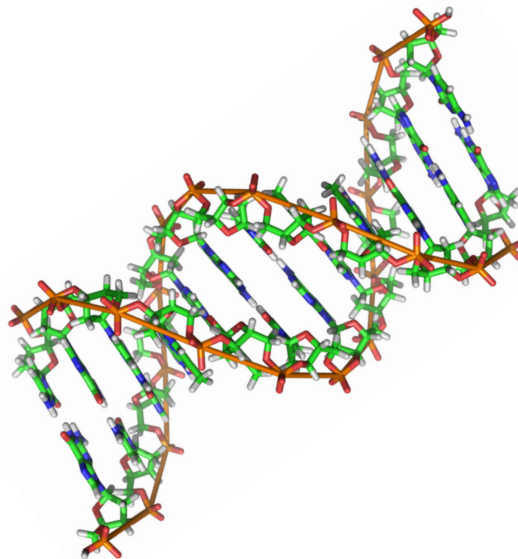
UW Confirmed, Incoming Freshmen



- Computational thinking is not “this particular operating system” or “that particular programming language.”
 - Computational thinking is not even programming. It’s a mode of thought – a way of approaching the world.
 - Programming is the hands-on, inquiry-based way that we teach computational thinking and the principles of computer science.
- 
- A vibrant collage of circular icons on a dark background, each containing a different symbol. The symbols include musical notes, geometric shapes, scientific equipment like flasks and test tubes, mathematical equations such as
- $E=mc^2$
- ,
- H_2O
- , and
- $\sqrt{123}$
- , and other abstract designs. In the bottom right corner, there are large orange gears partially visible behind the icons.



- Students are realizing that computer science is great preparation for anything! Fields from Anthropology to Zoology are becoming *information* fields, and that those who can bend the power of the computer to their will – computational thinking, but also computer science in greater depth – will be positioned for greater success than those who can't

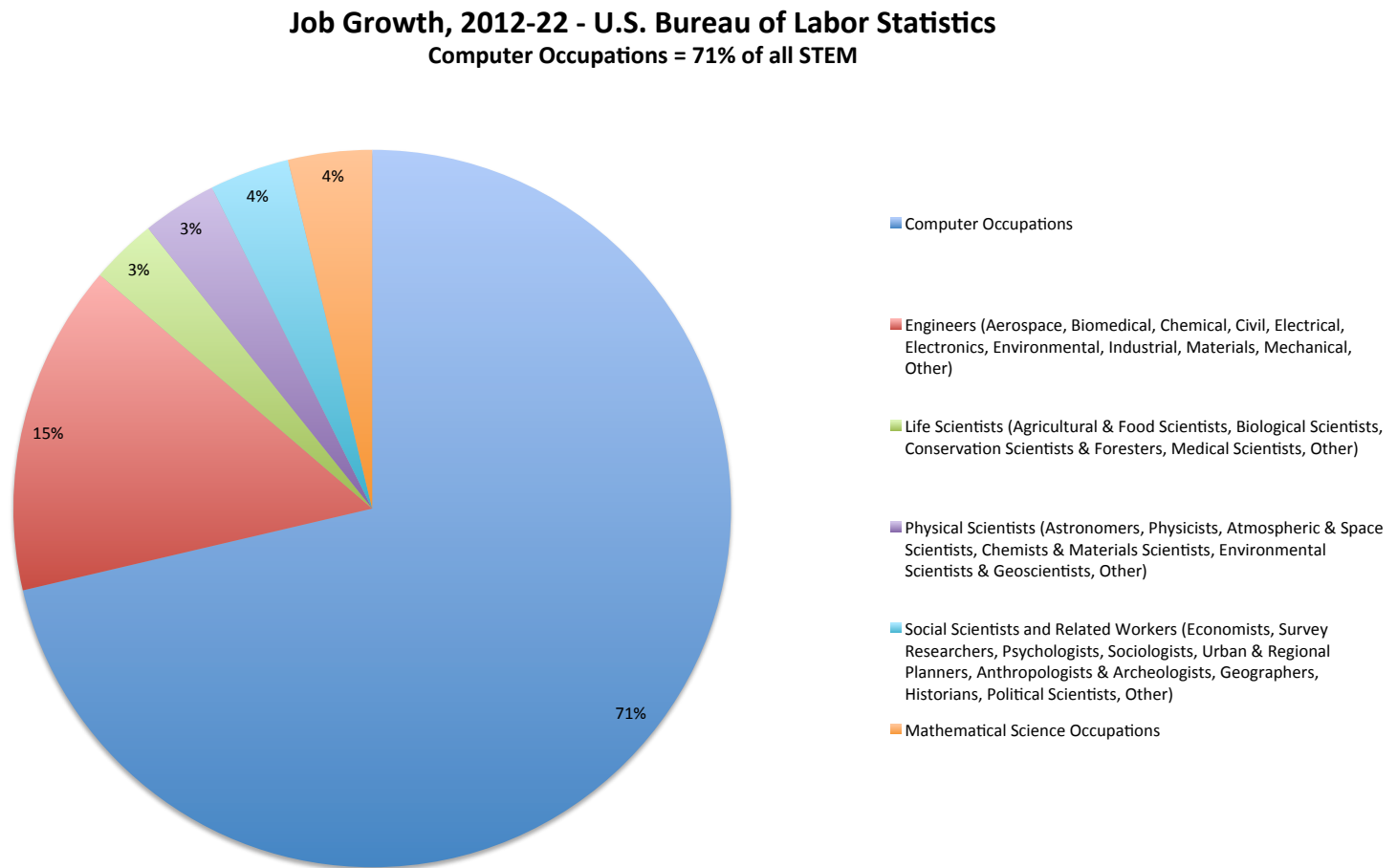


- Students are realizing that computer science is not Dilbert – it's an intellectually exciting, highly creative and interactive, “power to change the world” field



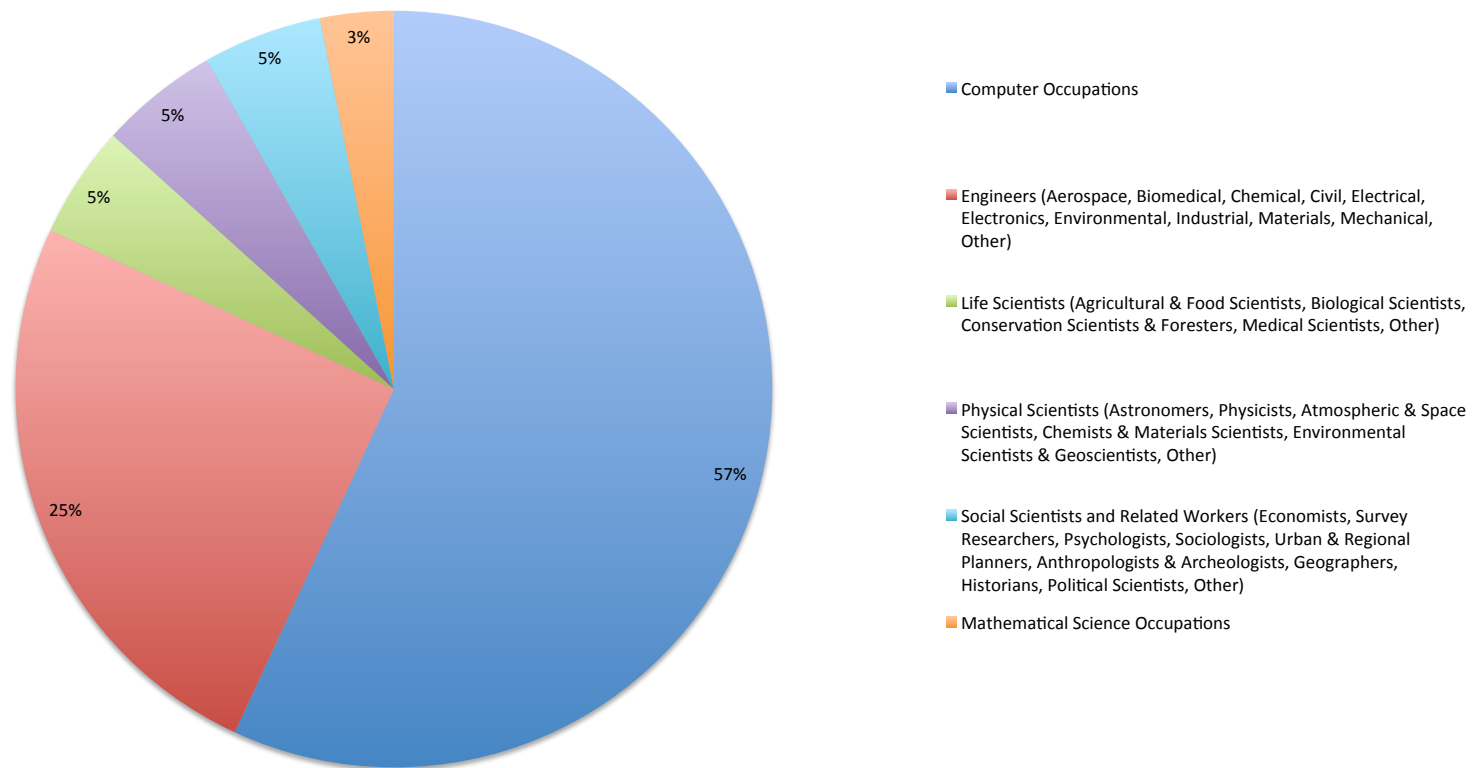
- Students are realizing that pretty much all of the STEM jobs are in computer science
 - While fluency with computational thinking and with computer science are important to all fields, *the job prospects in the field of computer science itself are extraordinary*
 - The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics recently released its job projections for the decade 2012-2022. Computer occupations will be responsible for 71% of *all* the job growth in *all* fields of STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics) – the many dozens of fields that comprise the life sciences, the physical sciences, the social sciences, engineering, and the mathematical sciences – and for 57% of all available jobs, whether newly-created or available due to replacement
 - In Washington State, the workforce gap in computer science is greater than the workforce gap in *all other fields* (not just STEM fields!) combined

- Students are realizing that nearly all STEM jobs are in computer science



- Students are realizing that nearly all STEM jobs are in computer science

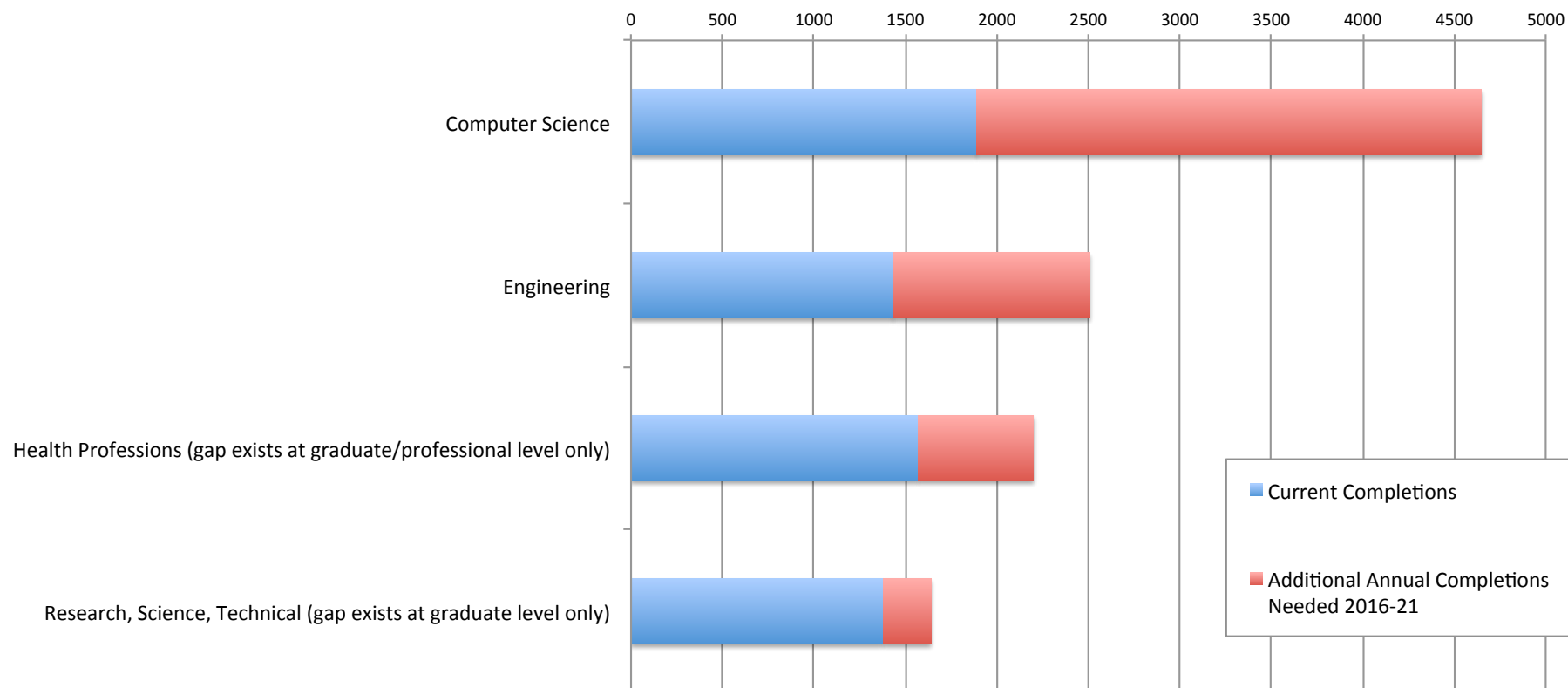
Job Openings (Growth And Replacement), 2012-22 - U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
Computer Occupations = 57% of all STEM



- Students are realizing that nearly all STEM jobs are in computer science

Washington State High Demand Fields at Baccalaureate Level and Above

WSAC, SBCTC, WTECB, October 2013



Every high school should offer computer science

- *Not* because programming is a valuable skill (although it certainly is that)
- But because *every field is becoming an information field*
- And because *“computational thinking” is an essential 21st century capability*



Computer Science in K-12, 1983

A Nation At Risk

Our Nation is at risk. Our once unchallenged preeminence in commerce, industry, science, and technological innovation is being overtaken by competitors throughout the world. This report is concerned with only one of the many causes and dimensions of the problem, but it is the one that undergirds American prosperity, security, and civility.

If an unfriendly foreign power had attempted to impose on America the mediocre educational performance that exists today, we might well have viewed it as an act of war. As it stands, we have allowed this to happen to ourselves.

Recommendation A: Content

We recommend that State and local high school graduation requirements be strengthened and that, at a minimum, all students seeking a diploma be required to lay the foundations in the Five New Basics by taking the following curriculum during their 4 years of high school: (a) 4 years of English; (b) 3 years of mathematics; (c) 3 years of science; (d) 3 years of social studies; and (e) one-half year of computer science.



IBM PC XT
4.77 MHz 8088
128 KB RAM
PC DOS 2.0

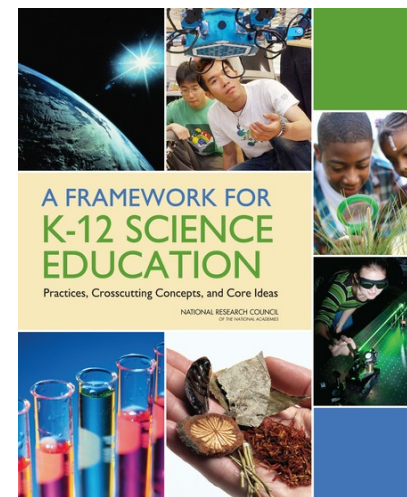
Computer Science in K-12, 2013

Energy (*see also* Forces and motion)

binding energy in molecules, 109, 110, 111, 112, 239-240
 cause-and-effect mechanisms, 125-126, 237
 chemical energy, 111, 122, 123, 148, 223
 in chemical processes and everyday life, 128-130
 conservation of, 110, 120-121, 123, 124-126, 128, 148, 153, 154, 175, 223, 238
 crosscutting concepts, 84
 definitions of, 120-124
 electric and magnetic fields, 64, 109, 121, 122, 133, 135, 239
 electrical energy, 123, 125, 128
 and forces, 126-127
 grade band endpoints, 122-124, 125-126, 127, 129-130
 kinetic (motion) energy, 110, 111, 121, 122, 123, 124, 126
 mechanical energy, 122-123
 modeling and mathematical expressions, 123-124, 126
 patterns, 121
 photosynthesis, 104, 128, 129, 130, 146, 147, 148, 153, 154, 180, 187, 189, 223
 “producing” or “using” in everyday life, 128-130
 scale of manifestations and, 121, 122, 123-124, 127, 238
 in systems, 120-121, 123, 124-126, 128
 terminology, 96, 122
 thermal energy, 121, 122, 123, 125, 130, 136, 180, 181 (*see also* Heat)
 transfer between objects or systems, 93, 110, 120, 121-122, 124-126
 stored (potential) energy, 96, 121-122, 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 221

Forces and motion

cause-and-effect mechanisms, 113, 114, 115-116, 127
 Coulomb’s law, 117, 118
 electromagnetism, 88, 109, 111, 113, 116, 117-118, 121, 123, 126, 127, 239
 energy transfers, 116, 120, 127
 friction, 115, 116, 117, 122, 125, 128-129, 130
 grade band endpoints, 115-116, 127
 gravity/gravitational forces, 64, 88, 92, 100, 113, 116, 117-118, 121-122, 123, 126, 127, 169, 173, 175, 176, 179, 180, 181-182, 184, 185
 measurement, 114, 115
 models, 93, 116, 117, 118, 127
 momentum, 115, 116
 Newton’s laws, 114, 115, 116, 118, 175
 patterns in, 115, 116-117, 118, 119, 121, 127, 130, 173, 174, 175, 178, 181, 185
 scale and, 114, 116-117, 118, 175
 strong nuclear force, 88, 111, 113, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 127, 176
 and structure and function, 117
 in systems and system models, 88, 94, 113, 114, 119, 120, 127, 176
 weak nuclear force, 88, 111, 112, 113, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 127, 176



401 page report
 15 page index



Computer science, 10, 14-15, 299, 334, 336

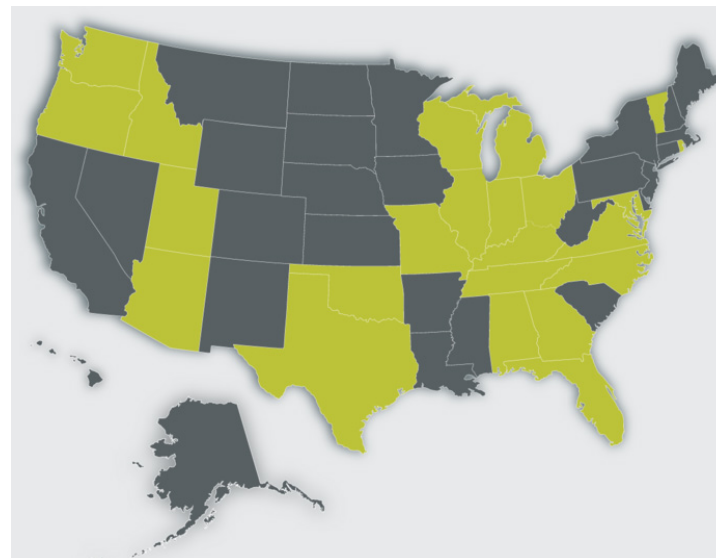


Elementary (K–5)			
Storylines: K–2 3–5 PDFs: K 1 2 3 4 5			
K. Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls	2. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	4. Waves	
K. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment	2. Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	4. Structure, Function, and Information Processing	
K. Weather and Climate	K–2. Engineering Design	4. Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	
1. Waves: Light and Sound	3. Forces and Interactions	5. Structure and Properties of Matter	
1. Structure, Function and Information Processing	3. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	5. Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	
1. Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles	3. Inheritance and Variation of Traits	5. Earth's Systems	
2. Structure and Properties of Matter	3. Weather and Climate	5. Space Systems: Stars and the Solar System	
	4. Energy	3–5. Engineering Design	
PS: Physical Sciences			
Middle School (6–8)	Storyline	PDF	High School (9–12) Storyline PDF
MS. Structure and Properties of Matter			HS. Structure and Properties of Matter
MS. Chemical Reactions			HS. Chemical Reactions
MS. Forces and Interactions			HS. Forces and Interactions
MS. Energy			HS. Energy
MS. Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation			HS. Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation
LS: Life Sciences			
Middle School (6–8)	Storyline	PDF	High School (9–12) Storyline PDF
MS. Structure, Function, and Information Processing			HS. Structure and Function
MS. Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems			HS. Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems
MS. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems			HS. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems
MS. Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms			HS. Inheritance and Variation of Traits
MS. Natural Selection and Adaptations			HS. Natural Selection and Evolution
ESS: Earth and Space Sciences			
Middle School (6–8)	Storyline	PDF	High School (9–12) Storyline PDF
MS. Space Systems			HS. Space Systems
MS. History of Earth			HS. History of Earth
MS. Earth's Systems			HS. Earth's Systems
MS. Weather and Climate			HS. Weather and Climate
MS. Human Impacts			HS. Human Sustainability
ETS: Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science			
Middle School (6–8)	Storyline	PDF	High School (9–12) Storyline PDF
MS. Engineering Design			HS. Engineering Design

- In 9 out of 10 high schools nationwide, computer science is not offered



- In 27 of the 50 states, computer science does not count towards the math or science graduation requirement




Yet computer science – “computational thinking” – is a key capability for just about every 21st century endeavor

CODE

f t t t \$ Sign In

LEARN TEACH PROMOTE HOW TO HELP

1,960,304,731 LINES OF CODE WRITTEN BY STUDENTS

 **40,328,811**
have tried an
HOUR of CODE™
Anybody can learn.

Start

Beyond an HOUR OF CODE >

f Share on Facebook t Share on Twitter ↓


Every student in every school should have the opportunity to learn computer science
If you agree, sign your name. Join 1,442,602 others.

Name Email ZIP code or country I am a **I agree**

We'll never spam you Enter country if outside the United States

Try our Intro to Computer Science Course
Finished your first Hour of Code? Learn more core computer science and programming concepts in this follow-up course.

Try now



Hadi Partovi
Code.org



UW Computer Science & Engineering

- Ranked among the top 10 programs in the nation (of >200)
 - MIT, Stanford, Berkeley, Carnegie Mellon, Illinois, Cornell, Washington, Princeton, Georgia Tech, Texas, Caltech, Wisconsin, UCLA, Michigan, Columbia, UCSD ...
- Two undergraduate programs
 - Computer Science (College of Arts & Sciences)
 - Computer Engineering (College of Engineering)
- > 300 degrees per year
 - ~200 Bachelors (growing to ~250)
 - ~85 Masters
 - ~25 Ph.D.

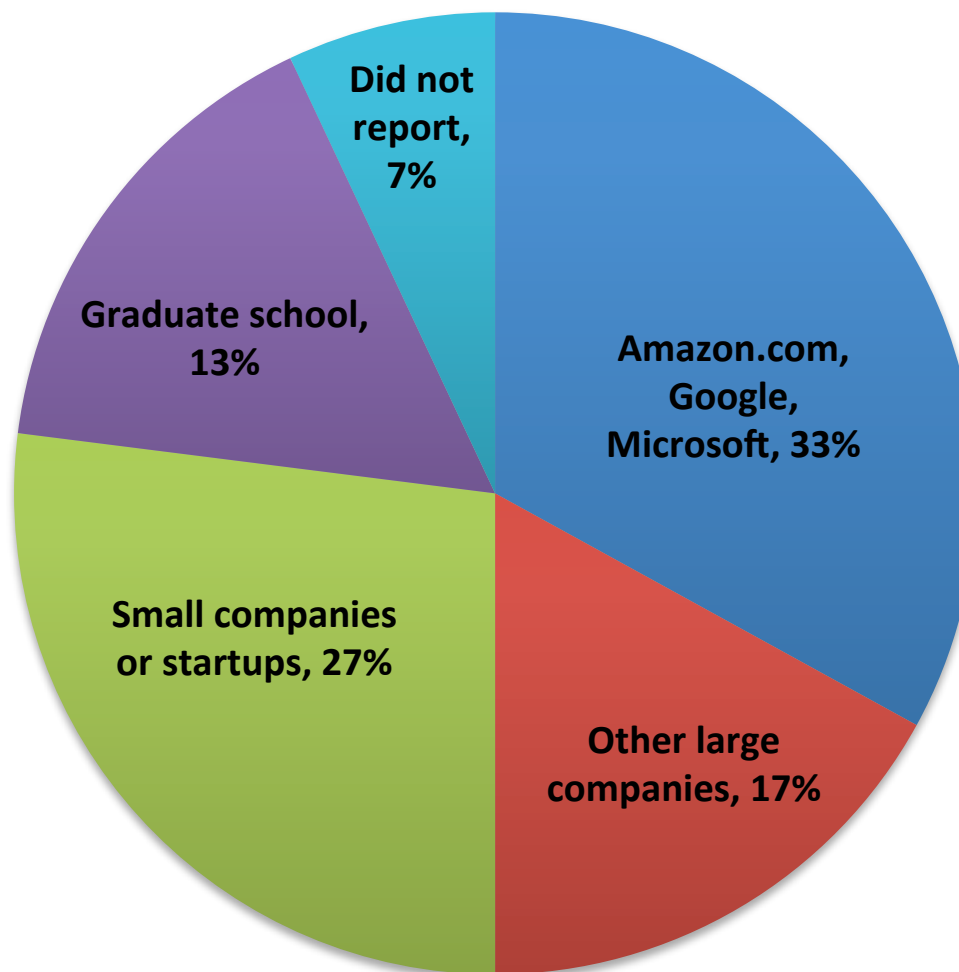


- Extraordinary students
 - Fully 1/3 of the UW class medalists since 2000 have been CSE majors
 - Our “fair share” would be 2%
 - 3 of the past 5 Graduate School Medal recipients
 - “Academic expertise and social awareness”

- A deep commitment to providing a top-tier education
 - Winner of 5 UW Distinguished Teaching Awards
 - Winner of the inaugural UW Brotman Award for Instructional Excellence
 - Winner of two UW Distinguished Graduate Mentor Awards
 - In a typical quarter, CSE has 2/3's of the top-performing instructors in the 10-department UW College of Engineering, according to student course evaluations
 - 9 of the top 10 instructors in the most recent quarter

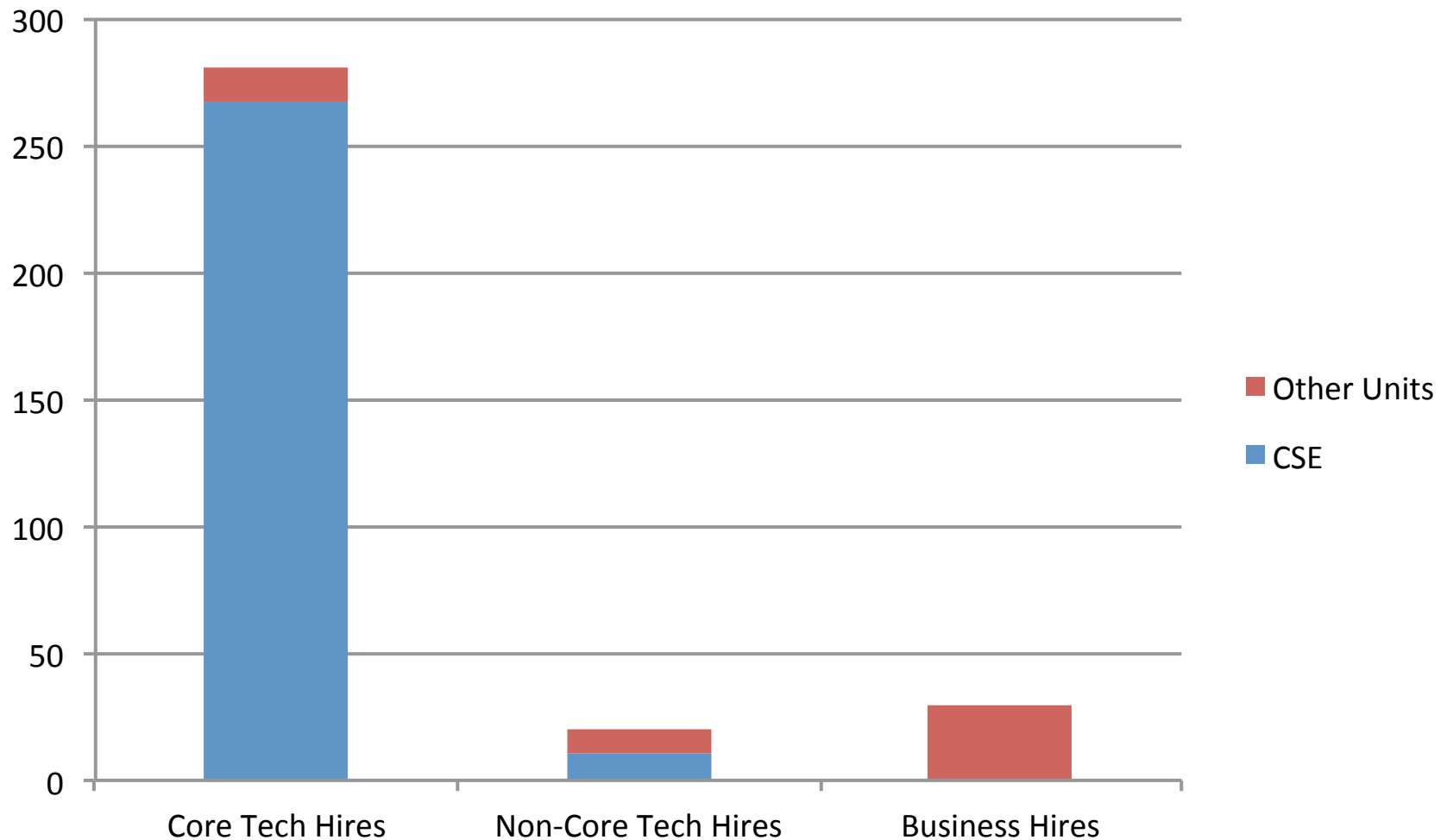
- We produce students who can *design and build stuff*
 - Emphasis on teamwork and design
 - 80% of undergraduates do at least one internship
 - 50% of undergraduates participate in faculty-guided research
 - #1 school in the nation in students recognized in the past 10 years in the Computing Research Association “Outstanding Undergraduate Researchers Award” competition
 - A top-5 supplier of students to Amazon.com, Google, and Microsoft (along with MIT, Stanford, Berkeley, and Carnegie Mellon)
 - The predominate supplier to many leading smaller firms headquartered here

2012-13 UW CSE Student Destinations



Tech companies that can be choosy, choose CSE

2011-12 Permanent & Internship Hires from UW by Amazon.com, Facebook, Google, and Microsoft



Why a research-intensive university?



What can we uniquely do?

- Get students into the lab
- Make them our partners in discovery
- Prepare them for life-long learning at the forefront of knowledge and society
 - *There is no field in which this is more important!*

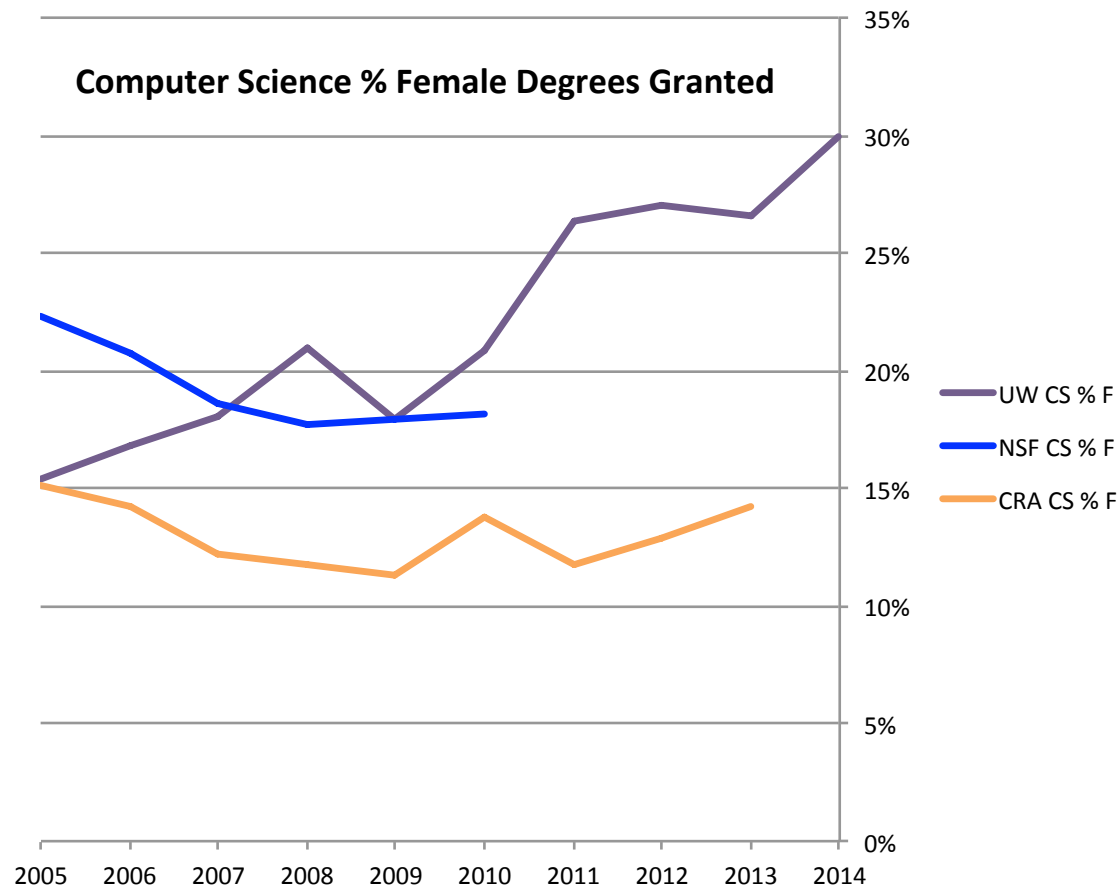
Community: Undergraduate TAs



Community: Grace Hopper Celebration of Women in Computing



Community: Grace Hopper Celebration of Women in Computing



Community: Spring picnic



Community: Summer Day Camps for Middle School Girls



There are some OK reasons to go out-of-state for college

- Get away from your boyfriend/girlfriend
- Get away from your parents
- Get away from the rain

**Getting a better Computer Science education
is not one of them!**



- Erin Earl
 - Overlake School -> Robinson Center Transition School -> Robinson Center Early Entrance Program
 - Triple major in Music, Piano Performance, Computer Science
 - UW Dean's Medal for the Arts
 - Indiana University Conservatory (3 months)
 - Google (5 years)
 - Harvard Law School
 - Clerkship in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia
 - Clerkship in the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit
 - Headed home to Seattle this fall to focus on privacy and security in Perkins Coie's commercial litigation group

- Raymond Zhang
 - Robinson Center Transition School -> Robinson Center Early Entrance Program
 - Double major in Biology, Computer Science
 - Undergraduate research in computational biology
 - Goldwater Scholar
 - Piano performances at Carnegie Hall, Lincoln Center, Benaroya Hall
 - 2013 UW Dean's Medal in Engineering
 - Google



- Christophe Bisciglia
 - Gig Harbor High School
 - UW CSE
 - Google (5 years)
 - Cloudera, Inc. (Founder) (2.5 years)
 - WibiData (Founder and CEO)



- Emma (Lynch) Nixon

- Ballard High School '07

- UW CSE '11

- Undergraduate research on Games for Learning – Refraction

- SDE intern at Microsoft

- SDE at Microsoft



UW CSE and Holy Names

- Caitlin Lustig, 2008 / Ph.D. student, Informatics, UC Irvine
- Kathryn Winglee, 2009 / Ph.D. student, Cellular and Molecular Medicine, Johns Hopkins University
- Allie Rutherford, 2011 / Program Manager, Microsoft
- Krysta Yousoufian, 2011 / Software Engineer, Microsoft
- Jenny Abrahamson, 2012 / Software Engineer, Facebook
- Christine Acuario, 2012 / Software Engineer, Expedia
- Ally Gale, 2013 / Associate Product Manager, Google (Zürich)
- Jennifer Apacible , 2014 / Software Engineer, Google
- Micaela Montstream
- Karolina Pyszkiewicz
- Abby Gray
- Madeline Wessels



Preparing for CSE

- Not necessarily a high school computer science course!
- Deep comfort with algebra
- Scientific reasoning
- Reading comprehension
- Attention span
- Resilience when faced with challenges

Is this a great time or what?

